DELEGATED REPORT / CASE OFFICER'S ASSESSMENT

Ref No: ST/0221/24/HFUL
Proposal: Single storey rear extension
Location: 21 Bamburgh Grove
Jarrow
NE32 5QQ

Relevant policies/SPDs

Local Development Framework

1 DM1 - Management of Development (A and B)

2 SPD9 - Householder Developments

South Tyneside Local Plan Emerging Policy

3 Policy SP1: presumption in favour of Sustainable Development

4 Policy 47: Design Principles

The NPPF is also relevant.

Description of the site and of the proposals

The application site consists of a semi detached dwelling located on Bamburgh Grove, Jarrow. The dwelling is constructed from red brick with a grey tile roof. The adjoining dwelling, 19 Bamburgh Grove is to the north east, and 23 Bamburgh Grove is to the south west. The property has a generous rear garden of nearly 20 metres in length.

Planning permission is sought for the erection of a single storey rear extension at the above address. The proposed extension would project 2.2 metres from the rear of the dwelling, 7 metres in width, 2.3 metres to the eaves and 3.4 metres to the highest point. The proposed extension would have a lean to roof and would be finished in red brick and grey roof tiles to match the host dwelling, and would replace a bay window and rear porch extension. The side elevations would be blank, with a window and folding doors to the rear elevation. 2 no. rooflights are also proposed. An existing side facing kitchen window is also to be bricked up.

Publicity / Consultations (Expiry date 29/04/2024)

1) **Neighbour responses**
None

2) **Other Consultee responses**
None

Assessment

The statutory development plan comprises the Council's adopted Local Development Framework (LDF) development plan documents. Adopted supplementary planning documents are also capable of being material considerations in planning decisions. A Regulation 19 version of the South Tyneside Local Plan was recently subject to consultation from 15/01/2024 to 03/03/2024 and this marked the second of two statutory consultation periods in the plan-marking process. While the draft Local Plan is now at a more

advanced stage of preparation, with the Regulation 19 consultation completed, the extent to which there are unresolved objections to particular policies is currently being assessed and therefore only very limited weight can be afforded to policies in the emerging local plan at the current time having regard to paragraph 48 of the NPPF. As such, any relevant emerging local plan policies that were listed earlier in this report are not appraised in detail in the assessment set out below.

Having regard to the requirements of Section 38(6) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, the relevant Development Plan policies and all other material planning considerations, including representations received, it is considered that the main issues for consideration are the impact on visual amenity and the impact on residential amenity.

Impact upon Visual Amenity

Part 12 of the NPPF promotes good design and sets out that the planning system should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment.

Policy DM1(A) requires extensions and alterations to an existing dwellinghouse to convey sensitive consideration to its surroundings; and where possible enhance its local setting and reinforce local identity, having particular regard to scale and proportions, alignment, form, use of materials and architectural detailing.

SPD9 (House Holder Developments) of the South Tyneside LDF provides guidance in respect of householder developments.

Paragraph 8.1 of SPD9 states that single- storey rear extensions that would extend beyond the rear wall of the original dwelling house by up to 4 metres in respect of detached houses or 3 metres in respect of semi-detached or terraced houses will generally be acceptable. In this case, a 2.2 metre rear projecting extension to a detached dwelling is proposed. The host dwelling has an approximately 19 metre deep rear garden. The proposed extension would be constructed to the southwestern elevation and would be similar in external appearance to an existing single storey rear extension to the adjoining neighbour, 23 Bamburgh Grove. The proposed extension would be finished with red brick to match the main dwelling.

It is considered that the proposal is acceptable in terms of its design and external appearance meaning it accords the objectives of LDF Policy DM1 (A) and would not undermine the objectives of the guidance contained within SPD9.

Residential amenity

Parts 12 of the NPPF, require that a good standard of amenity for existing and future users be ensured. In line with this, Policy DM1(B) of the South Tyneside LDF seeks to protect residential amenity of neighbours from harmful impacts from development.

Given the proposed existing rear extension to the rear of 21 Bamburgh Grove, which has a blank gable to the south western elevation, the proposed extension would not be visible from inside 21 Bamburgh Grove to create any overshadowing or loss of light given the existing rear extension at this property.

Given the orientation of no. 19 Bamburgh Grove to the south, the proposal would not impact upon the residential amenity of this dwelling.

Overall, it is not considered that the proposal has any potential to materially harm the residential amenity of any neighbouring occupier. Therefore, the proposed development is considered to be in accordance with Policy DM1 (B), while having regard to the principles set out in SPD 9.

The rear garden depth of the application site would remain at over 17 metres at its shortest point ensuring sufficient useable space is retained to serve the property.

Given the above, the proposal would be acceptable in relation to the consideration of the residential amenities of the surrounding neighbours and would be in accordance with LDF Policy DM1 (B).

Conclusion

It is considered that, this proposal would be in accordance with Local Development Framework (LDF) policies DM1 (A & B), having regard to all other material planning considerations, including the design guidance in SPD9. The proposal is considered to be an acceptable form of development, subject to the inclusion of the suggested conditions.

In assessing this application due regard has been had to the requirement of section 149 of the Equality Act 2010.

Recommendation

Grant Permission Householder with Conditions

Conditions

1 The development to which this permission relates must be commenced not later than 3 years from the date of this permission.

As required by Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and to ensure that the development is carried out within a reasonable time.

2 The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved plan(s) as detailed below

Elevation Plans Drg. No. 002 received 05/04/2024
Location Plan, Site Plan and Floor Plans Drg. No. 001 received. 05/04/2024
Roof Plan Drg. No. 3 received. 05/04/2024

Any minor material changes to the approved plans will require a formal planning application under S73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 to vary this condition and substitute alternative plans.

In order to provide a procedure to seek approval of proposed minor material change which is not substantially different from that which has been approved.

3 The external surfaces of the development hereby permitted shall be of similar appearance to those used in the construction of the exterior of the existing building on which the extension will form part.

To ensure a satisfactory standard of development and in the interests of visual amenity in accordance with South Tyneside LDF Development Management Policy DM1.

Informatives

1 The proposed development lies within a coal mining area which may contain unrecorded coal mining related hazards. If any coal mining feature is encountered during development, this should be reported immediately to the

Coal Authority on 0345 762 6848.

Further information is also available on the Coal Authority website at: www.gov.uk/government/organisations/the-coal-authority

2 UNIQUE NOTE TO APPLICANT

Your attention is drawn to the Party Wall Etc. Act 1996, which provides a framework for preventing and resolving disputes in relation to party walls, boundary walls and excavations near neighbouring buildings.

A building owner proposing to start work covered by the Act must give adjoining owners notice of their intentions in the way set down in the Act. Adjoining owners can agree or disagree with what is proposed. Where they disagree, the Act provides a mechanism for resolving disputes.

The Act is separate from obtaining planning permission or building regulations approval and you can find out more about it at: https://www.gov.uk/party-wall-etc-act-1996-guidance

Case officer: Adam Williamson
Date: 30/04/2024

Authorised Signatory: *G. Simmonette*
Date: 30/04/2024

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